



Burgh Wood Montessori Nursery School

First Aid and Medical Treatment Policy



This policy is made available to all parents, prospective parents, staff and prospective employees of Burgh Wood Montessori School on our websites and a hard copy can also be viewed upon request.

Introduction to Policy

While it is not our policy to care for sick children who should be at home until they are well enough to return to the nursery schools, Burgh Wood Montessori Nursery School (*hereafter the "Nursery School"*) will agree to administer medication as part of maintaining the child's health and well-being or when they are recovering from an illness. The Nursery School also provides care for and promote health through identifying allergies and preventing contact with the allergenic substance and through preventing cross infection of viruses and bacterial infections. At the point of Registration, Parents/**Carer** are asked if their child suffers from any known allergies, illness or require medication; this is recorded in the child's records.

In many cases, it is possible for a child's GP to prescribe medicine that can be taken at home in the morning and evening. If a child has not had a medication before, it is advised that the Parent/Carer keeps the child at home for the first 48 hours to ensure no adverse effect as well as to give time for the medication to take effect.

These procedures are written in line with current guidance in The Early Years Foundation Stage – EYFS 2021, Paragraph 3.46) which states 'Providers must have and implement a policy, and procedures, for administering medicines. It must include systems for obtaining information about a child's needs for medicines, and for keeping this information up to date. Training must be provided for staff where the administration of medicine requires medical or technical knowledge. Prescription medicines must not be administered unless they have been prescribed for a child by a doctor, dentist, nurse or pharmacist (medicines containing aspirin should only be given if prescribed by a doctor). Prescription medicines must not be administered unless they have been prescribed for a child by a doctor, dentist, nurse or pharmacist (medicines containing aspirin should only be given if prescribed by a doctor)'.

The Manager, or in her absence the Deputy Manager, is responsible for ensuring all staff understand and follow these procedures. Parent/Carer consent forms must be completed, medicines stored securely and correctly and that records are kept according to procedures.

Summary of procedures

Children taking prescribed medication must be well enough to attend the nursery. Children's medicines are stored in their original containers, are clearly labelled and are inaccessible to the children.

Medicine spoons and oral syringes must be supplied by the Parent/Carer if required.

Medications may only be used for the child whose name appears on the medicine. This includes emergency adrenaline injections (EpiPen).

Administering Medicines

In general medicines should be administered outside of Nursery School hours by a Parent/Carer. On those occasions when medication needs to be given at Nursery School, written instructions from a Parent/Carer must be given; this may include inhalers or EpiPens. Where it may be necessary for a member of staff to administer an EpiPen during Nursery School time, training must be provided from a qualified health professional and should be specific to the individual child.

The staff receiving the medication must ask the parent to sign a consent form stating the following information. No medication may be given without these details being provided:

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- Full name of child and date of birth;
- Name of medication and strength;
- Who prescribed it;
- Dosage to be given in the setting;
- How the medication should be stored and expiry date;
- Any possible side effects that may be expected should be noted;
- Time/timings medication is to be administered; and
- Signature, printed name of Parent/Carer and date.

The administration is recorded accurately each time it is given and is witnessed and signed by two members of staff. Parents/Carer sign the medication form to acknowledge the administration of a medicine at the end of the session. The administration of all medication will be recorded in the Medication Book.

Where staff feel unable to deal with a medical situation, the Nursery Schools reserve the right to seek medical aid or to remove the child to a suitable medical establishment. Parents/Carer will be notified as soon as possible.

Storage of Medicines

All medication is stored safely in the marked medication box in the kitchen or refrigerated.

The Manager, or in her absence the Deputy Manager, is responsible for ensuring daily medicine is handed back at the end of the day to the Parent/Carer.

For some conditions, medication may be kept in the setting. The Manager or Deputy Manager will check that any medication is in date and returns any out-of-date medication back to the Parent/Carer. This will be done every half term.

When on a nursery school trip medication for a child is taken clearly labelled with the child's name, name of the medication, the consent form and is signed with two signatures.

Staff Training

If the administration of prescribed medication requires medical knowledge, individual training is provided by a health professional and a risk assessment is carried out if necessary.

No child may self-administer. Where children are capable of understanding when they need medication, for example with asthma, they should be encouraged to tell a member of staff what they need. However, this does not replace staff vigilance in knowing and responding when a child requires medication.

Managing children with allergies, or who are sick or infectious (including reporting notifiable diseases).

Procedures for children with allergies

If a child has an allergy the Parent/Carer will complete a medication form giving precise details of the allergy and signs and symptoms. This information will be transferred to the "children at risk" list kept in the first aid box and displayed in the school.

1. What to do in case of allergic reactions, any medication used and how it is to be used (e.g., EpiPen).
2. Control measures such as how the child can be prevented from contact with the allergen.
3. The Parent/Carer will arrange for a professional person to visit the setting to train staff in how to administer special medication in the event of an allergic reaction.

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4. No nuts or nut products are used within the setting; staff organise food for any special occasions to ensure that any known allergies/dietary requirements are catered for.

Procedures for children who are sick or infectious

If children appear unwell during the session e.g., have a temperature, sickness, diarrhoea, the Manager or Deputy Manager will call the Parent/Carer and ask them to collect the child or send a known carer to collect the child on their behalf.

1. If a child has a temperature, parental permission will be sought before administering Calpol. The child will be kept cool by removing top clothing or sponging their heads with tepid water.
2. In extreme cases of emergency, an ambulance should be called and the Parent/Carer informed.
3. The Nursery School can refuse admittance to children who have a temperature, sickness and diarrhoea or a contagious infection or disease.
4. Where children have been prescribed antibiotics, Parents/Carer are asked to keep the child at home for 48 hours before returning to the Nursery Schools.
5. After diarrhoea or sickness, Parents/Carer are asked to keep children home for 48 hours after the last bout of sickness or diarrhoea.
6. After a temperature (non-COVID related) , the Nursery Schools ask that the child remains at home for 24 hours once the temperature has returned to normal.
7. The Nursery Schools have a list of excludable diseases and current exclusion times provided by the health protection agency.

Reporting of 'notifiable diseases'

If a child or adult is diagnosed suffering from a notifiable disease under the Health Protection (Notification) Regulations 2010, the GP will report this to the Health Protection Agency.

When the Nursery Schools become aware of, or is formally informed of the notifiable disease, the Manager or Deputy Manager will inform Ofsted and the Health Protection Agency within 14 days of the incident occurring and will act on any advice given by the Health Protection Agency.

The Nursery Schools will also follow the guidance on the Public Health England website: www.gov.uk/government/organisations/public-health-england.

Ofsted phone number: 0300 123 1231

Local Health Protection Agency contact details:

PHE Surrey and Sussex Health Protection Team (South East),
County Hall, Chart Way,
Horsham,
RH12 1XA

PHE.sshpu@nhs.net

Phone: 0344 225 3861 (option 1 to 4 depending on area.)

HIV/AIDS Hepatitis Procedure

HIV virus, like other viruses such as Hepatitis, (A, B and C) are spread through body fluids. Hygiene precautions for dealing with body fluids are the same for all children and adults.

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Disposable vinyl gloves and aprons are worn when changing children's nappies, pants and clothing that are soiled with blood, urine, faeces, or vomit. Soiled clothing will be bagged and given to the Parent/Carer.

All spills of blood, urine, faeces, or vomit are cleared using anti-bacterial disinfectant spray and mops; cloths used are disposed of.

Head Lice

Nits and head lice are not an excludable condition, although in exceptional cases a Parent/Carer may be asked to keep the child away until the infestation has cleared.

On identifying cases of head lice, all Parents/Carer are informed and asked to treat their child and all the family if they are found to have head lice.

It is advisable that children with long hair, keep their hair tied back (or up) to prevent the spread of head lice.

Conjunctivitis

Conjunctivitis is not an excludable condition but is highly contagious. In exceptional cases a Parent/Carer may be asked to keep the child away until the condition has cleared.

On identifying a case of conjunctivitis, Parents/Carer are informed and asked to treat their child.

Further Reading

Health Protection Unit Guidance December 2006:
www.hpa.org.uk

Mencap:
www.mencap.org.uk

Health and Safety Executive:
www.hse.gov.uk

Department of Health:
www.dh.gov.uk

Young People's Health and the Administration of Medicines
[Children's Schools and Families Guidance May 2012](#)

[Reviewed 2024-01-17](#)